according to 1907/2006/EC



Product name: HS HARDENER MEDIUM

Product code: CL650

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# Section 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product name HS HARDENER MEDIUM

Product code CL650

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Identified uses

Hardener for professional use

Based on use descriptor system given by guideline of the European Chemical Agency

Sector of use SU 3, SU 22 Product category PC9a, PC9b Further information see chapter Exposure scenario

The product is only for industrial and/or professional use, not for any private consumer use.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Company/Undertaking Identification

Importer Axalta Coating Systems Belgium BVBA

Street/Box Antoon Spinoystraat 6b
Nat.-Code/Postal code/City BE 2800 Mechelen
Telephone +32 15 47 8500
Telefax +32 15 47 8505

#### Information on SDS

Responsible Department Regulatory Affairs
Telephone +49 (0)202 529-2385
Telefax +49 (0)202 529-2804

E-mail address sds-competence@axaltacs.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number of manu- +(44)-870-8200418

facturer

## For further information, please also consult our Internet site

http://www.axaltacoatingsystems.com

## Section 2. Hazards identification

The product is classified as dangerous in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## Classification of the mixture

## According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Acute Tox. 4, H332; STOT SE 3, H335; STOT SE 3, H336; EUH204;

## 2.2. Label elements

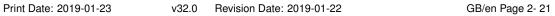
## Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

## Pictogram and Signal word of the product

according to 1907/2006/EC



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Signal word: Danger

### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label

Contains Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

xylene ethyl acetate ethylbenzene

#### **Hazard statements**

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
EUH204	Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

## **Precautionary statements**

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/ vapours/ spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301 + P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P337 + P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

## 2.3. Other hazards

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Restricted to professional users.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

This product is a mixture. Health hazard information is based on its components.

## 3.2. Mixtures

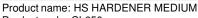
## **Chemical characterization**

Mixture of synthetic resins and solvents

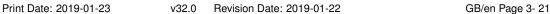
## **Hazardous components**

Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard within the meaning of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

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 82-81-2 -274-8 on	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers REACh 01-2119485796-17 Skin Sens. 1, H317; Acute Tox. 4, H332; STOT SE 3, H335;	25 - <	35 %
 0-20-7 -535-7 on	xylene REACh 01-2119488216-32 Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; Acute Tox. 4, H332; STOT SE 3, H335;	25 -<	35 %
 -78-6 -500-4 on	ethyl acetate REACh 01-2119475103-46 Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3, H336; EUH066;	20 - <	25 %
 -86-4 -658-1 on	n-butyl acetate REACh 01-2119485493-29 Flam. Liq. 3, H226; STOT SE 3, H336; EUH066;	7 - <	10 %
 -41-4 -849-4 on	ethylbenzene REACh 01-2119489370-35 Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Acute Tox. 4, H332; STOT RE 2, H373; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412;	5 -<	7 %
 -88-3 -625-9 on	toluene REACh 01-2119471310-51 Flam. Liq. 2, H225; Asp. Tox. 1, H304; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H336; Repr. 2, H361d; STOT RE 2, H373;	0.1 - <	0.2 %

Up to the given revision date of this safety data sheet only the above mentioned REACh registration numbers are assigned to the chemical substances used in this mixture.

## **Additional advice**

See full text of H-phrases in chapter 16.

## Section 4. First aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

## Inhalation

Avoid inhalation of vapour or mist. Move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of vapours. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

### Skin contact

Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

## Eye contact

Remove contact lenses. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart. Seek medical advice.

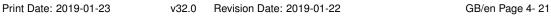
### Ingestion

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this safety data sheet (SDS) or product label. Do NOT induce vomiting. Keep at rest.

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## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Please see practical experience in section 11.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice.

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing media

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Water spray.

### Extinguishing media which shall not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### **Hazardous combustion products**

Fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous combustion products. Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

## Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen as well as hydrogen cyanide, amines, alcohols and water.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

## Fire and Explosion Hazards

Flammable liquid. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Remove all sources of ignition. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

#### Special Protective Equipment and Fire Fighting Procedures

Wear as appropriate: Full protective flameproof clothing. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition. Do not inhale vapours.

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Notify the respective authorities in accordance with local law in the case of contamination of rivers, lakes or waste water systems. Please avoid any emission of volatile organic compounds as possible.

## 6.3. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. The contaminated area should be cleaned up immediately with a

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suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts), concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in non-sealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose according to local regulations (see section 13).

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Comply with safety directives (see chapters 7 and 8).

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Safe handling advice

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapour in air and avoid vapour concentration higher than the occupational exposure limits. The product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Preparation may charge electrostatically: always use grounded leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid skin and eye contact. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

For personal protection see section 8. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. If material is a coating, do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without an appropriate respirator or appropriate ventilation, and gloves.

## Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Never use pressure to empty container: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers of same material as the original one. The accumulation of contaminated rags may result in spontaneous combustion. Good housekeeping standards and regular safe removal of waste materials will minimize the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage areas and containers

Observe label precautions. Refer to Technical Data Sheet (TDS) for further information about storage temperature. Store in a dry, well ventilated place away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. The storage and use of this product is subject to the requirements of the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations (DSEAR). Up to 50 litres of such highly flammable liquids may be stored in a work area provided they are kept in a fire-proof cupboard or bin. Larger quantities must be kept in a separate storeroom conforming to the structural requirements of the regulations. Further guidance is contained in the HSE ACOP L135, "Storage of Dangerous Substances."

#### Advice on common storage

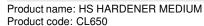
Store separately from oxidizing agents, strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials, amines, alcohols and water. Precautions should be taken to avoid exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. Evolution of CO2 in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

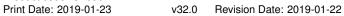
## Additional information on storage conditions

Precautions should be taken to avoid exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. Humid air and/or water will produce carbon dioxide which will pressurize the container. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

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Please see exposure scenarios as given in the annex.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

## **DNEL**

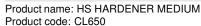
CAS-No.	Chemical name	End Use	Exposure routes	Fre- quency of exposure	Туре	Value
1330-20-7	xylene	Workers Workers	Dermal Inhalative	Long term Long term	- ,	3,182 mg/kg/day 50.17 ppm
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	Workers Workers	Dermal Inhalative	Long term Long term	,	63 mg/kg/day 200 ppm
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	Workers Workers	Dermal Inhalative	Long term Long term	,	11 mg/kg/day 62.2 ppm
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	Workers Workers	Dermal Inhalative	Long term Long term	Systemic effects Systemic effects	180 mg/kg/day 17.73 ppm
64742-95-6	solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Workers	Dermal	Long term	Systemic effects	25 mg/kg/day
	arom. (<0,1% benzene)	Workers	Inhalative	Long term	Systemic effects	30.1 ppm
108-88-3	toluene	Workers Workers	Dermal Inhalative	Long term Long term	,	384 mg/kg/day 50.3 ppm

## **PNEC**

CAS-No.	Chemical name	Compartment	Type	Value
141-78-6	ethyl acetate	Aquatic	Fresh water	0.26 mg/l
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate	Aquatic	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l
		Aquatic	Sea-water	0.018 mg/l
		Aquatic	waste-water treatment plant	35.6 mg/l
		Terrestrial	Soil	0.09 mg/kg
108-88-3	toluene	Aquatic	Sediment	16.39 mg/l
		Aquatic	Fresh water	0.68 mg/l

## Community / national occupational exposure limits

CAS-No.	Chemical name	Source	Time	Туре	Value	Note
1330-20-7	xylene		15 min 15 min 8 hr 8 hr	IOELV15 IOELV15 IOELV8 IOELV8 STEL STEL TWA TWA	442 mg/cm3 100 ppm 221 mg/cm3 50 ppm 441 mg/m3 100 ppm 220 mg/m3 50 ppm	Skin
141-78-6	ethyl acetate			STEL TWA	400 ppm 200 ppm	
123-86-4	n-butyl acetate			STEL STEL TWA TWA	966 mg/m3 200 ppm 724 mg/m3 150 ppm	



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CAS-No.	Chemical name	Source Time	Type	Value Note
100-41-4	ethylbenzene	15 mir 15 mir 8 hr 8 hr		884 mg/cm3 Skin 200 ppm Skin 442 mg/cm3 Skin 100 ppm Skin 552 mg/m3 125 ppm 441 mg/m3 100 ppm
95-63-6	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	8 hr 8 hr	IOELV8 IOELV8 TWA TWA	100 mg/cm3 20 ppm 125 mg/m3 25 ppm
108-67-8	mesitylene	8 hr 8 hr	IOELV8 IOELV8 TWA TWA	100 mg/cm3 20 ppm 125 mg/m3 25 ppm
108-88-3	toluene	15 mir 15 mir 8 hr 8 hr		384 mg/cm3 Skin 100 ppm Skin 192 mg/cm3 Skin 50 ppm Skin 384 mg/m3 100 ppm 191 mg/m3 50 ppm
01				

### Glossary

IOELV Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values

TWA Time weighted average

## 8.2. Exposure controls

## Additional technical information on the plant

Provide adequate ventilation. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by spray operator even when good ventilation is provided.

## **Protective equipment**

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

## **Respiratory protection**

For spraying: air-fed respirator. For operations other than spraying: in well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination of charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.

## **Hand protection**

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it. The breakthrough time of gloves is unknown for the product itself. The glove material given is recommended on basis of the substances in the preparation.

Chemical name	Glove material	Glove thickness	Break through time
xylene	Nitrile rubber Viton (R) $^{\circledR}$	0.33 mm 0.7 mm	30 MIN 480 MIN
ethyl acetate	Nitrile rubber Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.33 mm 0.7 mm	10 MIN 480 MIN
n-butyl acetate	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup> Nitrile rubber	0.7 mm 0.33 mm	10 MIN 30 MIN
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ( $<$ 0,1% benzene)	Viton (R) <sup>®</sup>	0.7 mm	30 MIN

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The protective glove should be checked in each case for their work specific suitability (e.g. mechanical stability, product compatibility, and anti-static properties). When the intended use is for spray application a nitrile glove of the chemical resistance group 3 (e.g. Dermatril® glove) is to be used. After contamination, the glove has to be changed. If immersing the hands into the product is not avoidable (e.g. maintenance work) a butyl or fluorocarbon rubber glove should be used. When skin exposure may occur to materials specified in section 3 of this SDS, advice should be sought from the glove supplier as to appropriate type to use with this product and the permeation breakthrough times. Care should be taken when working with sharp edged articles as these can easily damage the gloves and make them ineffective. The instructions and information provided by the glove supplier on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Damaged gloves or those showing signs of wear should be replaced immediately.

### Eye protection

Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of products.

## Skin and body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fiber or of high temperature resistant synthetic fiber.

#### Hygiene measures

Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do not use organic solvents!

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not let product enter drains.

For ecological information refer to section 12.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

## Appearance

Form: liquid; Colour: clear; Odour: Characteristic Paint Odor;

## Important health, safety and environmental information

Property	Value	Method
pH	pH cannot be measured due to less solubility in wa-	
•	ter.	
Melting point/freezing point	-83 − -48 °C	
Boiling point/boiling range	70 °C	
Flash point	7°C	EN ISO 3679
Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether	
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant as product is liquid	
Lower explosion limit	1 vol-% based on organic solvent content	
Upper explosion limit	11.4 vol-% based on organic solvent content	
Vapour pressure	24.4 hPa	
Vapour density	No data available	
Density	$0.96 \ g/cm^3$	20 °C - DIN 53217/ISO 2811
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	moderate	
Solubility in other solvents	miscible with most organic solvents Listed in: Section	
	3. Composition/information on ingredients	
Partition coefficient:	This product is a mixture. For ingredient details see	
n-octanol/water	section 12	
Auto-ignition temperature	415 °C	DIN 51794 based on organic solvent
		content
Decomposition temperature	This product is a mixture. For further information see	
	section 10.	
Viscosity (23 °C)	<20 s	ISO 2431 - 1993 6 mm
Explosive properties	Not explosive	
Oxidizing properties	not oxidizing	

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#### 9.2. Other information

Solvent separation test	< 3%	ADR/RID
Content of volatile components	65.4 %	Basis Vapour pressure >= 0.01 kPa
(including water)		
organic solvent content	65.4 %	Basis Vapour pressure >= 0.01 kPa
European VOC	65.4 %	Basis Vapour pressure >= 0.1 hPa

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Keep away from oxidizing agents and strongly acid or alkaline materials. Amines and alcohols cause exothermic reactions. Mixture reacts slowly with water resulting in evolution of CO2. Evolution of CO2 in closed containers causes overpressure and produces a risk of bursting.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

## 10.5. Incompatible materials to avoid

not required under normal use

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None known.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

## **General observations**

There is no data available on the product. The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1272/2008/EC and classified for toxicological hazards accordingly. See sections 2 and 3 for details.

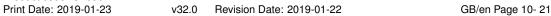
#### **Practical experience**

Swallowing may cause nausea, diarrhoea, vomiting, gastro-intestinal irritation and chemical pneumonia. Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar products, the following applies: This formulation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system leading to an asthmatic condition, wheeziness and a tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Through skin resorbtion, solvents can cause some of the effects described here. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Exposure to component solvents vapours concentration in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effect such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effect on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Components of the product may be absorbed into the body through the skin. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

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## **Acute toxicity**

### Acute inhalation toxicity

EINECS-No.	Chemical name	Species	Туре	Exposure time	Value	Method
931-274-8	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	Rat	LC50	4 hr	> 1.5 mg/l	
202-849-4	ethylbenzene	Rat	LC50	4 hr	4,000 ppm	
215-535-7	xylene	Rat	LC50	4 hr	5,000 ppm	
Acute dermal	toxicity					
EINECS-No.	Chemical name	Species	Type	Exposure time	Value	Method
215-535-7	xylene	Rabbit	LD50		> 1,700 mg/kg	

## Acute oral toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Irritation

## Eyes

EINECS-No.	Chemical name	Species	Method	Result
215-535-7	xylene			irritating
205-500-4	ethyl acetate			irritating

## Skin

EINECS-No.	Chemical name	Species	Method	Result
203-625-9	toluene			irritating
215-535-7	xylene			irritating
204-658-1	n-butyl acetate			slight irritation
205-500-4	ethyl acetate			slight irritation

## Corrosion

## Eyes

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Skin

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Sensitisation

## Respiratory sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Skin sensitisation

EINECS-No.	Chemical name	Form	Species	Method	Result
931-274-8	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers				May cause an allergic
					skin reaction.

## Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

EINECS-No.	215-535-7
Chemical name	xylene
Species	
Method	
Exposure routes	
Form	
Value	
Exposure time	
Target Organs	
Result	May cause respiratory irritat

Result | May cause respiratory irritation.

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EINECS-No. Chemical name Species Method Exposure routes Form Value Exposure time Target Organs Result	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers  Inhalation  Respiratory system
EINECS-No. Chemical name Species Method Exposure routes Form Value Exposure time Target Organs Result	Inhalation  Narcotic effects
EINECS-No. Chemical name Species Method Exposure routes Form Value Exposure time Target Organs Result	ethyl acetate
	n-butyl acetate

## Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

EINECS-No.	203-625-9
Chemical name	toluene
Species	
Method	
Exposure routes	
Form	
Value	
Exposure time	
Target Organs	
Result	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
EINEOG N	
EINECS-No.	
Chemical name	ethylbenzene
Species	
Method	
Exposure routes	
Form	

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Value Exposure time Target Organs

Result May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Reproductive toxicity

EINECS-No.	Chemical name	Species	Method	Result
203-625-9	toluene			Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn
				child.

## Section 12. Ecological information

There are no data available on the product itself. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or watercourses. The data in this section is consistent with data from chemical safety reports available at the date of revision.

## 12.1. Toxicity

## **Aquatic toxicity**

## Acute toxicity aquatic invertebrates

EINECS-No.	Chemical name		Species	Type	Exposure time	Value Method
265-199-0	solvent naphtha (petroleum), I arom. (<0,1% benzene)	light	Daphnia	EC50	24 h	170 mg/l
202-436-9	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		Daphnia	LC50	48 h	6 mg/l
203-604-4	mesitylene		Daphnia	EC50	48 h	6 mg/l

## Acute and extended toxicity of fishes

EINECS-No.	Chemical name	Species	Туре	Exposure time	Value	Method
265-199-0	solvent naphtha (petroleum), lig arom. (<0,1% benzene)	ht Danio rerio (ze- bra fish)	LC50	96 h	10 mg/l	
202-436-9	1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	EC50	96 h	9.22 mg/l	
203-604-4	mesitylene	Carassius auratus (goldfish)	LC50	96 h	12.5 mg/l	

## Toxicity with aquatic plants

EINECS-No.	Chemical name	Species	Туре	Exposure time	Value Method
265-199-0	solvent naphtha (petroleum), lig arom. (<0.1% benzene)	ht Algae	EC50	72 h	10 mg/l

Contains 0.0% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No information available.

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## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No information available.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

No information available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Based on available data no ingredient is classified for this hazard property (please see section 3).

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

The preparation was evaluated in accordance with the conventional method of the preparations directive 1272/2008/EC, and it was not classified as dangerous for the environment, but it does contain environmentally dangerous materials. For details, see section 3

## Adsorbed organic bound halogens (AOX)

Product does not contain organic linked halogens contributing to AOX.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

## **Product**

Recommendation:

A disposal process that converts the waste into energy is recommended. If this is not possible the hazardous waste must be disposed of by incineration.

Waste Key Number	Description
08 05 01	waste isocyanates

## **Uncleaned packaging**

#### Recommendation:

Properly emptied containers are to be scrap processed or reconditioned. Improperly emptied containers are considered hazardous waste (waste key number 150110). Waste, including emptied containers, is controlled waste. Do not allow into drains or watercourses or dispose of where ground or surface waters may be affected. If fully drained containers are compacted they can be regarded as Controlled Waste and disposed of in accordance with the requirements of the Control of Pollution Act 1974 and the Environmental Protection Act 1990 (GB), the Pollution Control and Local Government (NI) Order 1978 (NI) or of the EC (Waste) Regulations 1979 and the EC (Toxic & Dangerous Waste) Regulations 1982 (IRL).

## Section 14. Transport information

Transport only in accordance with the requirements of the Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (Classification, Packaging and Labeling), ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

#### 14.1. UN number

ADR/RID; IMDG; ICAO/IATA: 1263

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: IMDG: ICAO/IATA: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

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## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

## **Hazard class**

ADR/RID; IMDG; ICAO/IATA: 3

## Subsidiary hazard class

ADR/RID; IMDG; ICAO/IATA: Not applicable.

## Labels



### **Tunnel restriction code**

ADR/RID: D/E

### **Special Provisions**

ADR/RID: 640D

## **Kemler Code**

ADR/RID: 33

## **Hazchem Code**

ADR/RID: 3YE

## EmS

IMDG: F-E,S-E

## 14.4. Packaging group

ADR/RID; IMDG; ICAO/IATA:

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR/RID; IMDG; ICAO/IATA: none

## Marine pollutant

IMDG: no

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

please see section 6 - 8

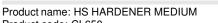
## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Deliveries shall only be made based on appropriate packaging and in compliance with traffic laws.

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## Section 15. Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## **National legislation**

This safety datasheet has been prepared according to British legislation.

The product is labeled according to the Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2002 as amended (CHIP Regulations). The risk associated with the use of this product must be assessed in accordance with the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) Regulations and the Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations.

Restricted to professional users.

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No safety checks were carried out on the mixture.

## Section 16. Other information

## Full text of H phrases with no. appearing in section 3

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Substance No.	CAS no: http://support.cas.org/content/chemical-substances http://echa.europa.eu/
Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard within the meaning of Directive 67/548/EEC.	http://echa.europa.eu/search-for-chemicals http://echa.europa.eu/web/guest/information-on-chemicals/cl-inventory-database http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/htmlgen?HSDB https://www.cdc.gov/niosh/ipcs/
Other directives, limitations and prohibitory regulations	Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Directive 98/24/EC Directive 2004/37/EC
	REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008
	EUR-LEX: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html
Exposure limit for the pure substance	http://osha.europa.eu/OSHA

## Training advice

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

according to 1907/2006/EC



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Directive 98/24/EC **Further information** 

The information of this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and meets the requirements of EU and national laws. The user's working conditions however, are beyond our knowledge and control. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without a written permission. It remains the responsibility of the user to ensure that the necessary steps are taken to meet the laws and regulations. Handling of the product may only be done by people above 18 years of age, who are satisfactorily informed of how to do the work, the hazardous properties and necessary safety precautions. The information given in this SDS is to describe the product only in terms of health and safety requirements and should not, therefore, be construed as guaranteeing specific properties.

## Report version

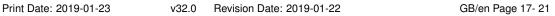
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## **Annex - Exposure scenarios**

### Consolidated exposure assessment for industrial and professional use of coating material

The consolidated exposure assessment provides specific information on how a hazardous substance (in a mixture) is to be managed and controlled. It considers specific conditions of use, in order to ensure that a use is safe to humans and the environment. Compliance with operational conditions and risk management measures is required if the exposure assessment is annexed to a mandatory safety data sheet. In this case, identified risk management measures are to be implemented unless the downstream user is able to ensure safe use in a diverging way.

## 1. Consolidated exposure assessment (type 1) for spray application of activators

#### Free short title:

Industrial or professional application of activators for 2K spray coating material (professional use in close to industrial setting)

### Systematic title based on use descriptors:

Sector of use SU 22, SU 3 Product category PC9a, PC9b

Process category PROC4 (covering PROC2), PROC5 (covering PROC3),

PROC8a (covering PROC8b), PROC7 or PROC11

Environmental release category ERC4, ERC5, ERC6d

### **Activities covered:**

Preparing (adding activator), transferring/loading, application by spraying, drying and curing of coating material

### Contributing scenarios:

spERC x1 Spray coating including purge loss PROC4 (covering PROC2)

PROC5 (covering PROC3)
Applicable for: Adding of activator

PROC8a (covering PROC8b)
PROC7
PROC11

Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging)
Industrial spraying
Non industrial spraying

## 2. Operational conditions and risk management measures

## 2.1. Contributing environmental scenario

Preparing, transferring/loading, application by spraying, drying and curing of coating material

## **Process conditions:**

Potential transfer to process waste water stream when using Venturi wet scrubber for collecting overspray

	\ ' ' '		Release after on-site WWTP	Municipal STP
spERC x1	Solids in paint	40%	10%	
spERC x1	Volatiles in paint	100%	100%	

## 2.2. Contributing worker scenarios

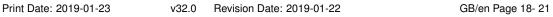
Preparing, transferring/loading, application by spraying, drying and curing of coating material

	PROC	DOA	LEV/TRV	RPE	DPE
Mixing	5 (covering 3)	> 4 h	TRV	no	yes level 2
Transferring	8a (covering 8b)	> 4 h	TRV	no	yes level 2
Non-industrial spraying	111	> 4 h	LEV	yes due to aerosol	yes level 2
Industrial spraying	7	> 4 h	LEV	yes due to aerosol	yes level 2
Curing	4 (covering 2)	> 4 h	TRV	no	yes level 2

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## Further specification:

Above parameters represent standard (default) assumptions according to CEPE mapping of operational conditions Valid information on risk management measures for specific formulation is provided in part 3. Deviation options are explained in part 4 (scaling).

### 3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Exposure assessment bases on initial scenarios for the used chemicals in this preparation as provided by manufactuters and importers. Identification of a lead substance indicator per route is based on the DPD+ methodology, taking into account content, dustiness and hazard characteristics. Use of the mixture is considered safe when conditions for safe use of the lead substance indicator are respected. Risk assessment is not applicable as long as no initial exposure scenarios are available.

### 3.1. Environmental assessment

No relevant ecotoxicological impact expected; specific description and assessment of environmental exposure obsolete;

#### 3.2. Worker assessment

#### Assessment method:

ECETOC TRA version 3.0

Advice on respiratory protection equipment for PROC 7, 11 and on dermal protection equipment is based on Axalta expert judgement Reactive compounds are released in range < 1 % only.

Preparing, transferring/loading, application by spraying, drying and curing of coating material - professional setting

	PROC	Route	LSI	LSI %	6DOA	LEV /	RPE	DPE	DNEL	RCR
				range		TRV				
Mixing	5 (covering 3)	Inhalation	ethyl acetate	> 25%	> 4hr	Technical room ventila- tion	none	_	200	0.15
			Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	> 25%	> 4hr	_	-	Resistant gloves, training	_	_
Transferring	8a (covering 8b)		ethyl acetate	> 25%	> 4hr	Technical room ventila- tion	none	_	200	0.15
			Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	> 25%	> 4hr	_	Ī	Resistant gloves, training	_	_
Non- industrial spraying	11	Inhalation	ethyl acetate	> 25%	> 4hr	exhaust ventila- tion	Filter mask (90% effi- cient)		200	0.05
			Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	> 25%	> 4hr	_	- '	Resistant gloves, training	_	_
Curing	4 (covering 2)	Inhalation	ethyl acetate	> 25%		Technical room ventila- tion	none	_	200	0.08
			Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	> 25%	> 4hr	_	_	Resistant gloves, training	_	_

Preparing, transferring/loading, application by spraying, drying and curing of coating material - industrial setting

	PROC	Route	LSI	LSI	%	DOA	LEV /	RPE	DPE	DNEL	RCR
				range			TRV				
Mixing	5 (covering 3)	Inhalation	ethyl acetate	> 25%	6	> 4hr	Technical	none	_	200	0.15
							room				
							ventila-				
							tion				

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	PROC	Route	LSI	LSI range	%DOA	LEV /	RPE	DPE	DNEL	RCR
			Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	> 25%	> 4hr	_	_	Resistant gloves, training	_	-
Transferring	8a (covering 8b)	Inhalation	ethyl acetate	> 25%	> 4hr	Technical room ventila- tion	none	_	200	0.15
			Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	> 25%	> 4hr	_	_	Resistant gloves, training	_	_
Industrial spraying	7	Inhalation	ethyl acetate	> 25%	> 4hr	exhaust ventila- tion	Air- fed mask (95% effi- cient)		200	_
			Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	> 25%	> 4hr	_	_ `	Resistant gloves, training	_	_
Curing	4 (covering 2)	Inhalation	ethyl acetate	> 25%	> 4hr	Technical room ventila- tion	none	_	200	0.08
			Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	> 25%	> 4hr	_	_	Resistant gloves, training	_	_

### Further specification:

Above exposure assessment is performed for coating material as supplied. Exposure assessment requires adaptation to ready for use mixture (review paint and/or diluant) Hazards of activator compounds are obsolete after film formation of 2K coating

## 4. Guidance to downstream user to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the exposure scenario

By variation of operational conditions and risk management measures (scaling), a downstream user can check whether he works inside the exposure scenario boundaries.

Standard scaling can be based on exposure modifying factors as used by ECETOC TRA which are listed below.

RCR(s) = RCR(o) \* EMF(s)/EMF(o)

RCR(s) shall be < 1

RCR(s) = scaled risk characterisation ratio; RCR(o) = original risk characterisation ratio (in part 3)

EMF(s) = exposure modifying factor selected for scaling; EMF(o) = original exposure modyfing factor (in part 3)

Scaling may be used consecutively for multiple determinants.

Example: No technical room ventilation for mixing of tints (EMF(o) = 0.3), duration of activity restricted to 1 h/d (EMF(s) = 0.2)

## Specific scaling may be based on measured values at the individual site.

Content	Content	DOA	DOA	Respiratory protec-	.	
% range	Factor	h	Factor	tion equipment		
> 25	1	> 4	1		Factor	
5 - 25	0.6	1 - 4	0,6	No RPE	1	
1 - 5	0.2	0,25-1	0,2	Filter mask	0,1	Level 1
< 1	0.1	<0,25	0,1	Air-fed mask	0,05	Level 2

Skin protection equipment	Factor	
No gloves	1	
Suitable gloves		Level 1
Resistant gloves, training	0,1	Level 2
Resistant gloves, specific training	0,05	Level 3

PROC|Factor for TRV|Factor for LEV Industrial setting|Factor for LEV Professional setting|Factor for LEV Dermal impact

			1 3	1	
ĺ	2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1
	3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1
	4	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1
	5	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.005
			•		

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PROC	Factor for TRV	Factor for LEV Industrial setting	Factor for LEV Professional setting	Factor for LEV Dermal impact
7		0.05	n.a.	0.05
8a	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.01
8b	0.3	Sol 0.05	Sol 0.2	0.1
8b	0.3	Vol 0.03	Vol 0.1	0.1
11		n.a.	0.2	0.02

PROC	Factor	PROC	Adjusted factor Pro-	Adjusted factor In	۱-
				dustrial	
4 (high volatility)	1	2 (high volatility)	0.2	0.5	_
5 (high volatility)	1	3 (high volatility)	0.2	0.4	
8a (high volatility)	1	8b (high volatility)	0.5	0.6	
4 (medium volatility)	1	2 (medium volatility)	0.4	0.5	
5 (medium volatility)	1	3 (medium volatility)	0.25	0.5	
8a (medium volatility)	1	8b (medium volatility)	0.5	1	
4 (low volatility)	1	2 (low volatility)	0.5	0.2	
5 (low volatility)	1	3 (low volatility)	0.3	0.6	
8a (low volatility)	1	8b (low volatility)	0.4	0.5	

### Additional explanation

Use by private end consumers (SU 21) not considered as product is assigned for professional use only

Wide dispersive use (ERC 8a-8f) not assessed as professional use in paintshops is considered as non dispersive (point source)

No relevant substance transfer expected to marine water, sediment, or soil due to use in dedicated installations.

Environmental assessment only relevant in case of substance transfer into a waste water stream

Environmental assessment based on ACEA sector specific ERC approach (spERC factors for solids and volatiles)

The spERC approach is only applicable to demonstrate safe use of a substance for environmental aspects under REACH.

It is not suitable to demonstrate compliance with applicable local waste water regulations.

Ingestion (oral route) not assessed as not considered to occur in case of industrial / professioonal use

Worker exposure assessment based on DNELs is only applicable to demonstrate safe use of substances under REACH. It is not suitable to demonstrate compliance with applicable occupational exposure limits (as displayed in section 8 of SDS).

Occupational exposure limits may apply for residual monomers (e.g. formaldehyde, monomeric isocyanates) which are not assessed under REACH.

Exposure assessment is performed for coating material as supplied.

Adaptation may be required for ready for use mixture.

Exposure assessment is performed for application of coating material at ambient temperature.

Adaptation may be required for application at elevated temperature (e.g. hot spraying).

No service life relevance for reactive compounds.

Waste stage not assessed as incineration / biological treatment of waste and safe deposition of inert residues is assumed Use for coating of toys, articles designed for prolonged skin contact or indirect food contact needs further assessment No SVHC above declaration threshold contained unless disclosed in section 3 of SDS

### Good practice advice

## Following advice shall be pursued as long as exposure assessment in part 3 does not contain sufficient information

Recommendation to use technical room ventilation.

Advice to wear skin/eye protection as standard RMM due to risk of splashes/droplets.

Advice on respiratory protection equipment for PROC 7, 11 is based on Axalta expert judgement

Advice to use spray-booth or efficient exhaust ventilation.

Advice to wear respiratory protection equipment as standard RMM due to aerosol formation, even in ventilated booth.

Advice to provide spill retention system according to applicable regulation.

## Standardised use descriptors according European Chemical Agency (EChA) Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment, chapter R.12

SU 3	Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites
SU 22	Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)
PC9a PC9b PROC2 PROC3 PROC4	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises

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PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multi-

stage and/ or significant contact)

PROC7 Industrial spraying

PROC8a Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large con-

tainers at non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/ discharging) from/ to vessels/ large con-

tainers at dedicated facilities

PROC11 Non industrial spraying

ERC4 Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

ERC5 Industrial use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix

ERC6d Industrial use of process regulators for polymerisation processes in production of resins,

rubbers, polymers

## Glossary

SU Sector of use PC Product category PROC Process category

ERC Environmental release category

AC Article category

spERC Sector specific environmental release category (for ACEA uses)

ACEA European automobile manufacturers association

CEPE European council of producers and importers of paints, printing inks and artists' colours
OC Operational condition

DOA Duration of activity Local exhaust ventilation LEV TRV Technical room ventilation **RMM** Risk Management Measures Respiratory protection equipment **RPF** DPE Dermal protection equipment **WWTP** Waste water treatment plant (on-site) STP Sewage treatment plant (municipal) **SVHC** Substance of very high concern

LSI Lead substance indicator

M(sperc) Maximum volume of lead substance which can be used safely under conditions described

by CEPE spERC

DNEL Derived No Effect Level
DMEL Derived minimum effect level
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

ECETOC TRA Targeted risk assessment as proposed by European center for ecotoxicology and toxicol-

ogy of chemicals

RCR Risk characterisation ratio